



CONDOR RESOURCES INC.

Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

**For the Three Months Ended May 31, 2019 and 2018
(Unaudited – prepared by Management)**

CONDOR RESOURCES INC.

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3 (3) (a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

These accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of Condor Resources Inc. have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

Vancouver, Canada

July 26, 2019

CONDOR RESOURCES INC.**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

(Unaudited, prepared by management and expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	As at May 31, 2019	As at February 28, 2019
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 251,471	\$ 113,443
Prepaid expenses	13,538	13,376
Accounts receivable	8,682	7,771
Marketable securities (Note 5)	432,250	212,000
Total Current Assets	705,941	346,590
Non-Current Assets		
Equipment (Note 6)	8,151	8,868
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 7)	1,790,614	1,750,504
Total Non-Current Assets	1,798,765	1,759,372
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,504,706	\$ 2,105,962
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 58,332	\$ 113,749
TOTAL LIABILITIES	58,332	113,749
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Share capital (Note 9)	20,585,363	20,585,363
Contributed surplus (Note 9)	3,519,331	3,509,063
Deficit	(21,658,320)	(22,102,213)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	2,446,374	1,992,213
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 2,504,706	\$ 2,105,962

Nature of operations (Note 1)

Subsequent events (Note 13)

Approved on behalf of the Board:

"Paul Larkin" Director

"Lyle Davis" Director

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONDOR RESOURCES INC.**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS**

(Unaudited, prepared by management and expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	For the Three Months Ended May 31,	
	2019	2018
Administrative expenses		
Conferences and seminars	\$ 657	\$ 6,995
Foreign exchange gain	(1,092)	(3,092)
Insurance	2,117	2,205
Investor relations	458	2,752
Management fees and consulting fees	46,242	40,039
Office and miscellaneous	4,895	4,969
Professional fees	2,528	243
Project generation	10,703	33,489
Regulatory fees	823	840
Stock-based compensation	10,268	-
Travel and entertainment	2,330	1,344
	<u>(79,929)</u>	<u>(89,784)</u>
Other items		
Interest income	-	689
Other income (Note 7(n))	655,874	-
Loss on sale of marketable securities	(8,752)	-
Unrealized loss on marketable securities (Note 5)	(123,300)	-
	<u>523,822</u>	<u>689</u>
Net Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the Period	<u>\$ 443,893</u>	<u>\$ (89,095)</u>
Basic And Diluted Loss Per Share Outstanding	<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$ (0.00)</u>
Weighted Average Number Of Shares Outstanding	<u>104,557,308</u>	<u>102,057,308</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONDOR RESOURCES INC.**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

(Unaudited, prepared by management and expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	For the Three Months Ended	
	May 31,	
	2019	2018
<hr/>		
Cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in):		
Operating Activities		
Net income (loss) for the period	\$ 443,893	\$ (89,095)
Items not affecting cash or otherwise reclassified:		
Stock-based compensation	10,268	-
Unrealized loss marketable securities	123,300	-
Loss on sale of marketable securities	8,752	-
Recoveries included in income and reclassified to investing activities	(655,874)	-
Changes in non-cash operating working capital items:		
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(162)	9,568
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(911)	1,771
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(52,042)	(14,262)
	<hr/> (122,776)	<hr/> (92,018)
Investing Activities		
Equipment purchased	-	(4,616)
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	(134,411)	(123,478)
Expenditure recoveries/option payments	369,517	97,020
Sale of marketable securities	25,698	-
	<hr/> 260,804	<hr/> (31,074)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents during the period	138,028	(123,092)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period	113,443	389,775
Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	<hr/> \$ 251,471	<hr/> \$ 266,683

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONDOR RESOURCES INC.**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

(Unaudited, prepared by management and expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Number of Shares	Share Capital	Contributed Surplus	Deficit	Total Equity
Balance, February 28, 2018	102,057,308	\$ 20,397,863	\$ 3,448,249	\$ (21,664,448)	\$ 2,181,664
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	(89,095)	(89,095)
Balance, May 31, 2018	102,057,308	20,397,863	3,448,249	(21,753,543)	2,092,569
Warrants exercised	2,500,000	187,500	-	-	187,500
Stock-based compensation	-	-	60,814	-	60,814
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	(348,670)	(348,670)
Balance, February 28, 2019	104,557,308	20,585,363	3,509,063	(22,102,213)	1,992,213
Stock-based compensation	-	-	10,268	-	10,268
Net income and comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	443,893	443,893
Balance, May 31, 2019	104,557,308	\$ 20,585,363	\$ 3,519,331	\$ (21,658,320)	\$ 2,446,374

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONDOR RESOURCES INC.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
(Unaudited, prepared by management and expressed in Canadian dollars)
For the three months ended May 31, 2019 and 2018

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Condor Resources Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated in British Columbia on November 26, 2003. The company's primary business is the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties and is considered to be an exploration stage company.

The Company is listed on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V"), having the symbol CN-V, as a Tier 2 mining issuer.

The address of the Company's corporate office and principal place of business is Suite 520 - 800 West Pender Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6C 2V6.

The Company is currently engaged in the exploration and development of mineral properties in Peru and has not yet determined whether its properties contain ore reserves that are economically recoverable and, to date, the Company has not generated any revenue from operations. The mining exploration business involves a high degree of risk. The recoverability of the amounts expended on mineral interests by the Company is dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete exploration and development of its mineral properties and upon future profitable production or proceeds from disposition of its mineral interests.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern, meaning that it will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the ordinary course of business. The Company has no current or anticipated source of operating revenue, has incurred losses since inception, and its long term viability remains entirely dependent upon the receipt of equity and/or related party debt financing on terms which are acceptable to it. Although such financing has been available to the Company in the past, there can be no guarantee that it will continue to be so in the future.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND MEASUREMENT

(a) Statement of Compliance

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company for the three months ended May 31, 2019 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

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2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND MEASUREMENT (continued)

(a) Statement of Compliance (continued)

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" ("IAS 34"). Accordingly, these condensed consolidated interim financial statements follow the same accounting principles and methods of application as the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended February 28, 2019 but may condense or omit certain disclosures that otherwise would be present in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS. These financial statements should therefore be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended February 28, 2019. Results for the period ended May 31, 2019, are not necessarily indicative of future results.

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on July 26, 2019.

(b) Financial Statement Presentation

These financial statements include the accounts of the Company, its 100% owned Peruvian subsidiary, Condor Exploration Peru S.A.C., its 100% owned Peruvian subsidiary, Minera Vertiente Del Sol S.A.C., its 100% owned Peruvian subsidiary, Minas Lucero Del Sur S.A.C., and its 85%-owned Peruvian subsidiary, Ferroaluminios Peru No.4 S.A.C. All significant inter-company transactions and balances have been eliminated on consolidation. All amounts are stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

Name of Subsidiary	Place of Operation	Ownership Interest	Principal Activity
Condor Exploration Peru S.A.C.	Peru	100%	Carries out business for Peruvian properties
Minera Vertiente Del Sol S.A.C.	Peru	100%	Carries out business for a Peruvian property
Minas Lucero Del Sur S.A.C.	Peru	100%	Carries out business for a Peruvian property
Ferroaluminios Peru No.4 S.A.C.	Peru	85%	Carries out business for Peruvian properties

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with IFRS requires management to make certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 4. Certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform to the presentation adopted in the current year.

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Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Exploration and evaluation assets

The Company is in the process of exploring its resource properties and has not yet determined whether these properties contain reserves that are economically recoverable.

The Company capitalizes mineral property expenditures applicable to property interests for which it has an exploration license as deferred mineral property costs.

The cost of acquiring mineral properties and exploration expenditures are deferred until such time as the mineral properties are placed into production or the prospect is determined by management to be impaired, or is abandoned. Upon production, the deferred costs are amortized on a unit-of-production basis while in circumstances of impairment or abandonment the costs are written off.

Any option or royalty payments received by the Company from third parties are credited to the capitalized cost of the exploration and evaluation assets. If payments received exceed the capitalized cost of the exploration and evaluation assets, the excess is recognized as income in the period received.

Title to mineral properties involves certain inherent risks due to the difficulties in determining the validity of certain claims as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently ambiguous conveyance history characteristic of many mineral properties. The Company has investigated title to all of its mineral properties, and to the best of the Company's knowledge, titles to all of its properties are in good standing.

(b) Stock-based compensation

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation using the fair value based method with respect to all stock-based payments to directors, employees and non-employees. Under the fair value based method, stock-based compensation is measured at fair value and recognized in operations over the vesting period. Fair value is determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Any consideration paid on exercise of stock options together with the related fair value previously recognized in contributed surplus is credited to share capital.

(c) Share capital

Proceeds from the exercise of stock options and warrants are recorded as share capital at the amount for which the stock option and warrant enabled the holder to purchase shares of the Company. Share capital issued for non-monetary consideration is recorded at fair value based on the quoted market price on the date of issuance. Share issue costs, which include commissions and professional and regulatory fees are charged directly to share capital.

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Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(d) Foreign currency translation

The functional and reporting currency of the Company, inclusive of the accounts of each of its consolidated subsidiaries, is the Canadian dollar. Transactions denominated in other currencies are translated into their Canadian dollar equivalents at exchange rates prevailing at the transaction date. Carrying values of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are adjusted at each balance sheet date to reflect exchange rates prevailing at that date. Foreign exchange gains and losses are included in operations.

(e) Income taxes

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax is not recognized for temporary differences which arise on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting, nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using substantively enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Deferred income tax assets also result from unused loss carry forwards, resource related pools and other deductions. A deferred tax asset is recognized for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

(f) Financial instruments

Adoption of IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments

On March 1, 2018, the Company adopted IFRS 9 in accordance with the transitional provisions of the standard. IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is classified and measured at amortized cost or fair value, replacing the multiple rules in IAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. Most of the requirements in IAS 39 for classification and measurement of financial liabilities were carried forward in IFRS 9, so the Company's accounting policy with respect to financial liabilities is unchanged. The change did not impact the carrying value of any of the Company's financial assets on the transition date.

The following financial assets are classified as subsequently measured at amortized cost under both IAS 39 and IFRS 9 – cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable (excluding sales tax receivable).

Marketable securities are classified as fair value through profit or loss.

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Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Financial instruments (continued)

The classification of financial assets is based on how an entity manages its financial instruments and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. Transaction costs with respect to financial instruments classified as fair value through profit or loss are recognized as an adjustment to the cost of the underlying instruments.

The Company's financial assets are classified into one of the following two measurement categories:

Financial assets held within a business model for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows ("held to collect") that represent solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") are measured at amortized cost. Financial assets held within a business model where assets are both held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows or sold prior to maturity and the contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at FVPL.

The following financial liability is classified as subsequently measured at amortized cost under both IAS 39 and IFRS 9 – accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

(g) Loss per share

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the loss available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding in the period. Diluted loss per share is calculated by the treasury stock method. Under the treasury stock method, the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the calculation of diluted loss per share assumes that the proceeds to be received on the exercise of dilutive share options and warrants are used to repurchase common shares at the average market price during the period. Where the effects of including all outstanding options and warrants would be anti-dilutive, no dilution is calculated and the diluted loss per share is presented as the same as basic loss per share.

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Impairment

At each reporting period, management reviews mineral properties for indicators of impairment. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated to determine the extent of the impairment, if any. The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Fair value is determined as the amount that would be obtained from the sale of the asset in an arm's length transaction. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value. If the recoverable amount of the asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount and the impairment loss is recognized in the profit or loss for that period. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit to which that asset belongs.

Past impairments are also considered at each reporting period and where there is an indication that an impairment loss may have decreased, the recoverable amount is calculated as outlined above to determine the extent of the recovery. If the recoverable amount of the asset is more than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount and the impairment loss is reversed in profit or loss for that period. The increased carrying amount due to reversal will not be more than what the depreciated historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognized.

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all cash accounts, which are not subject to withdrawal restrictions or penalties.

(j) Equipment

Equipment is recorded at cost. Amortization is recorded on a declining balance basis over the estimated useful lives of the related assets at the following annual rates:

Office furniture and equipment	20%
Computer equipment	50%

CONDOR RESOURCES INC.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
(Unaudited, prepared by management and expressed in Canadian dollars)
For the three months ended May 31, 2019 and 2018

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(k) Accounting standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective:

The Company has reviewed new and revised accounting pronouncements that have been issued but are not yet effective.

Accounting Standards Issued and Effective January 1, 2019 or Later

- IFRS 16 Leases; and
- IAS 12 Income Taxes – Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards.

The Company is currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of the amendments and standard will have on its consolidated financial statements. Based upon its current facts and circumstances, the Company does not expect these new and revised standards to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements except for change in disclosure and in presentation.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The Company makes estimates and assumptions about the future that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In the future, actual experience may differ from these estimates and assumptions. The effect of a change in an accounting estimate is recognized prospectively by including it in comprehensive income in the period of the change, if the change affects that period only, or in the period of the change and future periods, if the change affects both.

Financial statement items that are subject to significant estimation uncertainty include the valuation of stock-based compensation and the carrying value of exploration and evaluation assets.

The judgments that the Company's management has made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, apart from those involving estimations, that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the Company's consolidated financial statements are as follows:

- i) Critical judgment is applied for the determination of the functional currency for each entity of the Company. In concluding that the Canadian dollar is the functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries, management considered the currency that mainly influences the cost of providing goods and services in each jurisdiction in which the Company operates. As no single currency was clearly dominant the Company also considered secondary indicators including the currency in which funds from financing activities are denominated and the currency in which funds are retained.

CONDOR RESOURCES INC.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
(Unaudited, prepared by management and expressed in Canadian dollars)
For the three months ended May 31, 2019 and 2018

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (continued)

- ii) The Company has selected a policy of capitalizing exploration and evaluation expenditures that it has an exploration license in as exploration and evaluation assets. Acquisition and exploration costs incurred in respect to a particular property interest before the formal exploration licenses are acquired, but where such subsequent acquisition can be reasonably assured, are also capitalized as exploration and evaluation assets. At each period end, management applies its judgment in determining whether facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, and if so, the carrying value of the asset is tested for impairment.
- iii) Critical judgment and estimates are applied for the determination that the Company will continue as a going concern for the next year.

5. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

Marketable securities consist of 1,235,000 common shares of Chakana Copper Corp. ("Chakana") that were received during fiscal year 2019 and in April 2019 as described at Note 7(f) and are stated at their May 31, 2019 fair market value of \$432,250. During the three months ended May 31, 2019, the Company sold 65,000 common shares of Chakana for gross proceeds of \$25,698 (2018 - \$Nil).

6. EQUIPMENT

	Computer equipment	Office furniture and equipment	Total
COST			
Balance, February 28, 2018	\$ 14,204	\$ 5,240	\$ 19,444
Additions	3,161	4,137	7,298
Balance, February 28, 2019	\$ 17,365	\$ 9,377	\$ 26,742
Additions	-	-	-
Balance, May 31, 2019	\$ 17,365	\$ 9,377	\$ 26,742
AMORTIZATION			
Balance, February 28, 2018	\$ 12,728	\$ 2,779	\$ 15,507
Amortization	1,848	519	2,367
Balance, February 28, 2019	\$ 14,576	\$ 3,298	\$ 17,874
Amortization	466	251	717
Balance, May 31, 2019	\$ 15,042	\$ 3,549	\$ 18,591
CARRYING AMOUNTS			
As at February 28, 2019	\$ 2,789	\$ 6,079	\$ 8,868
As at May 31, 2019	\$ 2,323	\$ 5,828	\$ 8,151

CONDOR RESOURCES INC.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
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7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

The following schedules of mineral property costs set forth the expenditures incurred on these properties as at May 31, 2019 and February 28, 2019.

Summary of Exploration and Evaluation Expenditures

	Peru	
	As at May 31, 2019	As at February 28, 2019
Acquisition costs	\$ 82,564	\$ 94,707
Deferred exploration costs	1,286,882	1,238,224
	<u>1,369,446</u>	<u>1,332,931</u>
IGV taxes	421,168	417,573
Total	<u>\$ 1,790,614</u>	<u>\$ 1,750,504</u>

As their recoverability from government authorities is uncertain, IGV input credits are capitalized and included within the carrying value of the related property interests. Any amounts ultimately recovered will therefore be offset against the related deferred costs or included in income if such costs have been expensed.

IGV is a form of value-added tax levied on expenditures incurred in Peru.

CONDOR RESOURCES INC.

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**Schedule of Exploration and Evaluation assets – Peru
For the Three Months Ended May 31, 2019**

	Pucamayo	Lucero	Ocos	Chavin	Quriurqu	San Martin	Soledad	Humaya	Huinac Punta	Andrea	Quilisane	Cobreorco	Total
Acquisition costs													
Balance, as at March 1, 2019	\$ 62,509	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,055	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 82,564
Additions during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance, as at May 31, 2019	62,509	-	-	-	-	-	20,055	-	-	-	-	-	82,564
Exploration and evaluation expenditures													
Balance, as at March 1, 2019	606,332	-	-	124,072	106,007	263,579	-	2,911	95,445	19,642	3,918	28,461	1,250,367
Additions during the year													
Geophysics	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Property tenure	18,863	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,863
Geochemistry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Office and technical support	10,676	5,369	5,054	3,459	2,274	4,919	71,588	-	2,426	1,765	-	1,765	109,295
	29,539	5,369	5,054	3,459	2,274	4,919	71,588	-	2,426	1,765	-	1,765	128,158
Balance, as at May 31, 2019	635,871	5,369	5,054	127,531	108,281	268,498	71,588	2,911	97,871	21,407	3,918	30,226	1,378,525
Proceeds of option and royalty payments	-	-	-	-	-	-	(91,643)	-	-	-	-	-	(91,643)
Overall balances, as at May 31, 2019	\$ 698,380	\$ 5,369	\$ 5,054	\$ 127,531	\$ 108,281	\$ 268,498	\$ -	\$ 2,911	\$ 97,871	\$ 21,407	\$ 3,918	\$ 30,226	\$ 1,369,446

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**Schedule of Exploration and Evaluation assets – Peru
For the Year Ended February 28, 2019**

	Pucamayo	Lucero	Ocos	Chavin	Quriurqu	San Martin	Soledad	Humaya	Huinac Punta	Andrea	Quilisane	Cobreorco	Total
Acquisition costs													
Balance, as at March 1, 2018	\$ 62,509	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 32,198	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 94,707
Additions during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance, as at February 28, 2019	62,509	-	-	-	-	-	32,198	-	-	-	-	-	94,707
Exploration and evaluation expenditures													
Balance, as at March 1, 2018	476,945	-	81,161	97,869	87,422	232,995	325,548	168	6,570	-	-	-	1,308,678
Additions during the year													
Geophysics	61,702	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	61,702
Property tenure	12,146	-	-	-	1,993	-	-	2,743	19,836	-	3,918	-	40,636
Geochemistry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	-	-	-	28
Office and technical support	55,539	56,388	92,380	26,203	16,592	30,584	102,909	-	69,011	19,642	-	28,461	497,709
	129,387	56,388	92,380	26,203	18,585	30,584	102,909	2,743	88,875	19,642	3,918	28,461	600,075
Balance, as at February 28, 2019	606,332	56,388	173,541	124,072	106,007	263,579	428,457	2,911	95,445	19,642	3,918	28,461	1,908,753
Proceeds of option and royalty payments	-	(56,388)	(173,541)	-	-	-	(440,600)	-	-	-	-	-	(670,529)
Overall balances, as at February 28, 2019	\$ 668,841	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 124,072	\$ 106,007	\$ 263,579	\$ 20,055	\$ 2,911	\$ 95,445	\$ 19,642	\$ 3,918	\$ 28,461	\$1,332,931

Costs are exclusive of IGV taxes incurred

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7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (continued)

PERU

(a) Ocros and Pucamayo – Combined Amended Agreement: Option to acquire an 85% interest

On February 16, 2009 the Company replaced and superseded its original agreements dated August 21, 2007 on the Ocros, Pucamayo and Condor de Oro prospects.

Pursuant to the February 16, 2009 Amended Peruvian Property Agreement (“Amended Agreement”), the Company paid USD \$400,000 and issued 2,000,000 common shares at a value of \$670,000 to acquire an 85% working interest in each of the Ocros, Pucamayo and Condor de Oro prospects from the property vendor. On the execution and delivery of the agreement, \$95,000 in advances to the property vendor for title perfection for the prospects was forgiven and recorded as acquisition costs. The Company dropped its interest in all the Pucamayo concessions, except Pucamayo 14, prior to March 1, 2016. The Company also discontinued its interest in the Condor de Oro property in June 2016.

The vendor, a private company controlled by a senior officer of the Company retained a royalty of one per cent (1%) of the “net smelter returns” (“NSR”) derived from each of the Ocros concessions and the Pucamayo 14 concession (the “Properties”). The Company shall have the exclusive right to purchase the royalty on one or more of the Properties at any time on payment to the vendor of the sum of USD \$2,000,000 per property.

The vendor will receive an additional 1,000,000 common shares in the capital of the Company on the completion and publication of a positive feasibility study on any or all of the Properties which indicates that commercial production for the applicable property is feasible.

In this agreement “Feasibility Study” shall have the meaning set out in NI 43-101, or such successor policy as may be adopted from time to time by the Canadian Securities Administrators.

Following the closing, the holder of the 15% interest in each of the Properties, a party related to a senior officer of the Company, became a carried and non-contributing interest. The Company will fund all of the vendor’s costs to the commencement of commercial production, such costs to be repaid to the Company, with interest at the Canadian prime rate plus 2%, from 100% of the vendor’s production revenues.

In February 2017, the Company assigned the royalty buyback rights on the Ocros concessions and Pucamayo 14 concession to Sandstorm Gold Ltd. (“Sandstorm”) for consideration of \$100,000.

CONDOR RESOURCES INC.

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7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (continued)

(b) Ocros – option granted

In May 2017, a Comprehensive Agreement (the “Ocros Agreement”) was signed with Compañía Minera Virgen de la Merced S.A.C. (“Merced”) with respect to the Ocros project. Under the Ocros Agreement, Merced has two exclusive options to earn up to a 70% interest in the Ocros concessions over a period of four years.

To exercise the first option and earn 51%, Merced is required to make the following cash payments to the Company and complete exploration work as follows:

- i. US \$75,000 upon signing the Ocros Agreement (received);
- ii. complete 2,000 metres of diamond drilling on or before May 16, 2018 (the first anniversary of the effective date of the agreement (May 16, 2017)) (completed);
- iii. US \$75,000 on or before May 16, 2018 (received);
- iv. US \$75,000 on or before May 16, 2019 (received in January 2019);
- v. complete a cumulative total of 4,000 metres of diamond drilling on the Ocros Property on or before May 16, 2019 (completed);
- vi. US \$25,000 on or before May 16, 2020, or two months after the date on which an aggregate of 6,000 metres of diamond drilling has been conducted, whichever comes first (received in June 2019); and
- vii. complete a cumulative total of 6,000 metres of diamond drilling on or before May 16, 2020 .

To exercise the second option and earn an additional 19% in the Ocros property for a total of 70%, Merced must:

- viii. complete 4,000 metres of additional diamond drilling on the Ocros Property and make an additional cash payment of US \$300,000, on or before one year following the exercise of the first option.

(c) Pucamayo, Chincha and Yauyos Provinces - 100% interest

Subsequent to the February 16, 2009 agreement, the Company dropped all but the Pucamayo 14 concession, and acquired by staking one concession to the east and 2 concessions to the south of Pucamayo 14. As at March 1, 2016 the project consisted of 19 sq. km., with the Company holding an 85% interest in 6 sq. km. (Pucamayo 14), and a 100% interest in 13 sq. km. of staked concessions. During the fiscal year ended February 28, 2017, the Company acquired title to a 100% interest in 94 sq. km. of mineral concessions, and in May 2018 acquired a 2 sq. km. concession by staking, bringing the total area of Pucamayo concessions to 115 sq. km. In February 2017, the Company sold a 0.5% NSR royalty to Sandstorm for \$50,000 on all the Pucamayo concessions except for Pucamayo 14.

CONDOR RESOURCES INC.

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7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (continued)

(d) Chavin, Santa Province

During the year ended February 28, 2010, the Company acquired two concessions by staking in the Province of Santa, referred to as the Chavin project.

In November 2015, the Company concluded a production royalty agreement with Compañía Minera Casapalca S.A. ("Casapalca") on the Chavin project. Under the royalty agreement, Casapalca will pay Condor Peru an NSR of 3%, subject to an annual minimum, payable in advance, as follows:

- Years 1-5: US \$25,000
- Years 6-10: US \$30,000
- Years 11+: US \$35,000

The first year's minimum royalty was paid on signing. The Operator is also obligated to complete a minimum of 1,000m of diamond drilling on the project within one year of obtaining the necessary permits. The Company received the second and third year payments in November 2016 and 2017, respectively.

In February 2017, the Company sold a 50% interest in its annual production royalty at Chavin to Sandstorm for \$50,000. In November 2018, Casapalca terminated the production royalty agreement. On termination of the Casapalca production royalty agreement, Sandstorm's interest at Chavin converted to a 0.5% NSR.

(e) San Martin, Castilla Province

During the year ended February 28, 2010, the Company acquired, by staking, one concession in the Province of Castilla for a nominal amount. In 2015, a second contiguous concession was acquired by staking for a nominal amount.

The Company continues to maintain its title and intends to either complete future exploration work or option this property. In February 2017, the Company sold a 0.5% NSR on the San Martin project to Sandstorm for \$50,000.

(f) Soledad, Aija Province

In April 2014, the Company acquired ownership of a recently incorporated Peruvian company, Minera Vertiente del Sol SAC, ("MVS"), and transferred ownership of the Soledad concession into MVS.

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7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (continued)

(f) Soledad, Aija Province (continued)

In April 2017, a Comprehensive Agreement (the "Agreement") was signed with Chakana Resources S.A.C. ("Chakana") with respect to the Soledad project. Pursuant to the Agreement, Chakana has the option to earn a 100% interest in Soledad, over a period of 4.5 years, subject to a 2% net smelter return royalty in favour of the Company. To earn the 100% interest, Chakana is required to:

- a. complete the following drilling:
 - i. complete a minimum of 3,000m of drilling (or work equivalent) by December 23, 2018 (complete);
 - ii. complete a cumulative total of 5,500m of drilling (or work equivalent) by December 23, 2019 (complete);
 - iii. complete a cumulative total of 8,500m of drilling (or work equivalent) by December 23, 2020 (complete);
 - iv. complete a cumulative total of 12,500m of drilling (or work equivalent) by December 23, 2021 (complete).

- b. make the following cash payments:
 - i. US \$10,000 upon signing the MOU (received during comparative year);
 - ii. US \$15,000 upon signing the Agreement (received);
 - iii. US \$25,000 by December 23, 2017 (received);
 - iv. US \$50,000 by June 23, 2018 (received);
 - v. US \$50,000 by December 23, 2018 (received);
 - vi. US \$75,000 by June 23, 2019 (received in June 2019);
 - vii. US \$75,000 by December 23, 2019;
 - viii. US \$100,000 by June 23, 2020;
 - ix. US \$150,000 by December 23, 2020;
 - x. US \$200,000 by June 23, 2021;
 - xi. US \$4,625,000 by December 23, 2021.

- c. issue 500,000 Chakana Resources Corp. shares to Condor by June 23, 2018, provided Chakana has not terminated the Agreement (received).

Should Chakana exercise the option, Chakana retained the right to acquire 50% of the NSR royalty held by Condor by payment of US \$2 million to Condor. In March 2019, the Company and Chakana agreed to amend the NSR terms of the original assignment and option agreement of April 2017.

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7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (continued)

(f) Soledad, Aija Province (continued)

In April 2019, Condor received 900,000 Chakana shares and US\$275,000 cash in consideration for reducing the NSR retained on exercise of the purchase option from a 2% NSR to a 1% NSR. Chakana will have the right to buy down Condor's remaining 1% NSR to a 0.5% NSR by further payment of US \$1million. Pre-production NSR payments scheduled to commence in 2022 have also been eliminated.

In the event Chakana does not exercise their option to acquire the Soledad concessions, Chakana will retain a 1% NSR royalty on the concessions, which Condor will have the option to reduce to a 0.5% NSR by payment of US\$1 million.

(g) Quriurqu; Aija and Huarmey Provinces

During the year ended February 29, 2012, the Company acquired, by staking, one concession located in the Provinces of Aija and Huarmey for a nominal amount. In January 2016, the Company petitioned for 6 sq. km. contiguous and to the south of Quriurqu, and secured this area at a sealed bid auction conducted by the Ministry of Energy & Mines in September.

The Company continues to maintain its title and intends to complete future exploration work on option this property. In February 2017, the Company sold a 0.5% NSR on the Quriurqu project to Sandstorm for \$50,000.

(h) Lucero, Castilla Province

The Company previously acquired, by staking, three (3) concessions totaling 21 sq. km.

In November 2015, the Company concluded a production royalty agreement with Compañía Minera Casapalca S.A. ("Casapalca") on the Lucero project. Under the royalty agreement, Casapalca will pay the Company an NSR of 3%, subject to an annual minimum, payable in advance as follows:

- Years 1-5: US \$75,000
- Years 6-10: US \$85,000
- Years 11+: US \$95,000

If the price of gold exceeds US\$2,000 per ounce, the royalty increases to 4.5%, and conversely, if the price of gold is below US\$1,000, the royalty will decrease to 1.5%. The first year's minimum royalty was paid on signing in November 2015. The Operator is also obligated to complete a minimum of 1,000m of diamond drilling on the project within one year of obtaining the necessary permits. The Company received the fourth year payment of US\$75,000 in November 2018.

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7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (continued)

(h) Lucero, Castilla Province (continued)

In February 2017, the Company sold 50% of Condor's production royalties to Sandstorm for \$50,000. In the event the Company receives only the annual minimum royalty, Sandstorm does not participate until the fifth year of the production royalty agreement.

(i) Humaya, Ayacucho Province

The Company previously acquired by staking one concession of 7 sq. km. In February 2017, the Company sold a 0.5% NSR on the Humaya project to Sandstorm for \$50,000.

(j) Quilisane, Puno Province

The Company previously acquired by staking, and sealed bid auctions, two concessions comprising a total area of 18.4 sq. km. In February 2017, the Company sold a 0.5% NSR on the Quilisane project to Sandstorm for \$50,000.

(k) Huiñac Punta, Huanuco Province

The Company acquired by staking one concession in 2016. In February 2017, the Company sold a 0.5% NSR on the Huiñac Punta project to Sandstorm for \$50,000. Two additional concessions were acquired in November 2017, for a total project area of approximately 20 sq. km. These additional concessions are also subject to the Sandstorm 0.5% NSR.

(l) Andrea, Ayacucho Province

The Company acquired a 100% interest in the 22 sq. km Andrea project by staking and by sealed bid auction conducted by the Peruvian Ministry of Energy and Mines. All costs incurred prior to the Company being granted title to Andrea were charged to project generation.

(m) Cobreorco, Apurimac Province

The Company acquired a 100% interest in approximately 1.68 sq. km by staking and by sealed bid auction conducted by the Peruvian Ministry of Energy and Mines. All costs incurred prior to the Company being granted title to Cobreorco were charged to project generation.

(n) Other Income

Other income consists of proceeds from the sale of royalties or from the receipt of property option payments on certain properties in excess of costs previously incurred and deferred by the Company in respect of those interests.

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8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The following amounts are due to related parties and are included in trade payables and accrued liabilities:

	May 31, 2019	February 28, 2019
Directors or officers of the Company	\$ 24,172	\$ 39,872

The Company incurred the following transactions with directors and companies controlled by directors of the Company:

	For the three months ended May 31,	
	2019	2018
Professional fees	\$ 7,328	\$ 32,081

Key management personnel compensation

	For the three months ended May 31,	
	2019	2018
Management fees	\$ 39,694	\$ 39,200
Management fees capitalized to mineral properties	18,633	18,112
	\$ 58,327	\$ 57,312

These transactions were in the normal course of operations and were measured at the exchange value which represented the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

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9. CAPITAL STOCK AND CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS

	Number of shares	Share Capital	Contributed Surplus
Authorized			
Unlimited common shares			
Issued:			
Balance as at February 28, 2018	102,057,308	\$ 20,397,863	\$ 3,448,249
Exercise of warrants	2,500,000	187,500	-
Stock based compensation	-	-	60,814
Balance as at February 28, 2019	104,557,308	\$ 20,585,363	\$ 3,509,063
Stock based compensation	-	-	10,268
Balance as at May 31, 2019	104,557,308	\$ 20,585,363	\$ 3,519,331

(a) Share Issuances**During the three months ended May 31, 2019:**

- i. no shares were issued.

During the year ended February 28, 2019:

- ii. 2,500,000 common shares were issued upon the exercise of 2,500,000 warrants with an exercise price of \$0.075 for gross proceeds of \$187,500;

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9. CAPITAL STOCK AND CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS (continued)

(b) Stock Options

The Company has a stock option plan (the “Plan”) whereby the Company may grant stock options to eligible employees, officers, directors and consultants at an exercise price to be determined by the board of directors, provided the exercise price is not lower than the market value at time of issue. The Plan provides for the issuance of up to 10% of the Company’s issued common shares as at the date of grant with each stock option having a minimum term of five years. The board of directors has the exclusive power over the granting and vesting of options subject to exchange rules.

During the three months ended May 31, 2019:

- i. The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense of \$10,268.

During the year ended February 28, 2019:

- ii. The Company granted 1,600,000 incentive stock options with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.07. 500,000 options granted at \$0.09 in August 2018 vest as follows: 25% immediately; 25% 4 months after the grant date; 25% 8 months after the Grant Date; and 25% 12 months after the Grant Date. 600,000 options granted at \$0.06 in February 2019 vested immediately. 500,000 options granted at \$0.07 in February 2019 vest as follows: 25% immediately; 25% 4 months after the grant date; 25% 8 months after the Grant Date; and 25% 12 months after the Grant Date. The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense of \$60,814 during the year ended February 28, 2019;

Stock option transactions and the number of stock options outstanding are summarized as follows:

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at February 28, 2018	8,580,000	\$ 0.09
Granted	1,600,000	0.07
Expired/cancelled/forfeited	(750,000)	0.08
Outstanding at February 28, 2019 and May 31, 2019	9,430,000	\$ 0.09

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9. CAPITAL STOCK AND CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS (continued)**(b) Stock Options (continued)**

The following weighted average assumptions were used for the Black-Scholes option pricing model valuation of stock options granted during the current and previous fiscal years:

	For the Three Months Ended May 31, 2019	For the Year Ended February 28, 2019
Risk-free interest rate	1.95%	1.95%
Expected life of options	5 years	5 years
Annualized volatility	140.55%	140.55%
Dividend rate	0.00%	0.00%

At May 31, 2019, the Company had the following incentive stock options outstanding entitling the holders thereof to acquire the following common shares in the Company:

Number of Options	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
650,000	\$0.12	July 28, 2019
550,000	\$0.05	January 27, 2020
1,750,000	\$0.05	March 9, 2021
1,080,000	\$0.08	August 11, 2021
3,800,000	\$0.12	September 21, 2022
500,000	\$0.09	August 1, 2023
500,000	\$0.07	February 13, 2024
600,000	\$0.06	February 13, 2024
9,430,000		

8,930,000 incentive stock options were exercisable at May 31, 2019. The weighted average remaining life of the outstanding incentive stock options at May 31 2019 was 2.74 years (February 28, 2019 – 2.99 years).

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9. CAPITAL STOCK AND CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS (continued)

(c) Share Purchase Warrants

Share purchase warrant transactions are summarized as follows:

	Number of Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at February 28, 2018	16,816,667	\$ 0.10
Granted	2,300,000	0.10
Expired	(7,650,000)	0.075
Exercised	(2,500,000)	0.075
Outstanding at February 28, 2019 and May 31, 2019	8,966,667	\$ 0.14

Share purchase warrants outstanding at May 31, 2019 are:

Number of Warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
2,300,000	\$0.10	July 8, 2019
6,666,667	\$0.15	February 9, 2022
<u>8,966,667</u>		

In June 2018, the Company implemented a warrant exercise incentive program (the "Incentive Program") designed to encourage the early exercise of up to 7,665,000 of its 10,150,000 outstanding \$0.075 warrants. The warrants were exercisable at a price of \$0.075 per common share until October 11, 2018, October 22, 2018, or November 14, 2018.

Pursuant to the Incentive Program, the Company offered an inducement to each warrant holder that exercised their warrants between June 17, 2018 and July 6, 2018 ("Early Exercise Period"), by the issuance of one additional share purchase warrant for each warrant exercised early. Each new warrant (the "Incentive Warrant") will entitle the holder to purchase one additional share on or before July 8, 2019 at a price of \$0.10.

Upon closing of the Incentive Program, the Company received gross proceeds of \$172,500 from the exercise of 2,300,000 share purchase warrants, of which 300,000 were exercised by insiders of the Company. The exercising warrant holders received 2,300,000 Incentive Warrants.

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10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, MANAGEMENT OF CAPITAL AND FINANCIAL RISK

Fair value

All financial instruments are included on the Company's statement of financial position and are measured at either fair value or amortized cost.

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable (excluding sales taxes receivable), marketable securities and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The fair values of accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities are approximately equal to their carrying value due to their short-term nature.

Financial instruments measured at fair value on the statement of financial position as at May 31, 2019 and as at February 28, 2019 are all classified as Level 1.

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with a counter party's inability to fulfill its payment obligations. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and cash equivalents. Management believes that the credit risk concentration with respect to cash and cash equivalents is remote as it maintains accounts with highly-rated financial institutions.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its obligations as they become due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when they come due. As at May 31, 2019 the Company had a cash and cash equivalents balance of \$251,471 to settle current liabilities of \$58,332. All of the Company's financial liabilities are subject to normal trade terms.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and commodity and equity prices. These fluctuations may be significant.

(a) Interest rate risk

The Company has cash and cash equivalents and no interest-bearing debt. The Company's current policy is to invest excess cash and cash equivalents in investment-grade short-term deposit certificates issued by its banking institutions. The Company periodically monitors the investments it makes and is satisfied with the credit ratings of its bank. As at May 31, 2019, the Company had \$Nil in interest bearing cashable on demand investment grade guaranteed investment certificates.

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10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, MANAGEMENT OF CAPITAL AND FINANCIAL RISK (continued)

(b) Foreign currency risk

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk on fluctuations related to cash, receivables and accounts payable and accrued liabilities that are denominated in United States Dollars and Peruvian Soles. Management believes the risk is not currently significant as approximately 98% of the Company's cash and 12% of its liabilities are denominated in United States Dollars and Peruvian Soles as at May 31, 2019.

(c) Price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity and equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. The Company closely monitors commodity prices of gold and other precious and base metals, individual equity movements, and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

(d) Political Uncertainty

In conducting operations in Peru, the Company is subject to considerations and risks not typically associated with companies operating in North America. These include risks such as the political, economic and legal environments. Among other things, the Company's results may be adversely affected by changes in the political and social conditions in Peru, and by changes in governmental policies with respect to mining laws and regulations, anti-inflationary measures, currency conversion and remittance abroad, and rates and methods of taxation.

11. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE WITH RESPECT TO CASH FLOWS

As at May 31, 2019, there was \$10,384 (May 31, 2018 - \$1,811) of mineral property expenditures included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

During the three months ended May 31, 2019, amortization expense of \$2,367 (May 31, 2018 - \$465) was capitalized to mineral properties.

In April 2019, the Company received 900,000 common shares of Chakana at a fair value of \$378,000 pursuant to the Soledad property option agreement described in Note 7(f).

In June 2018, the Company received 500,000 common shares of Chakana at a fair value of \$310,000 pursuant to the Soledad property option agreement described in Note 7(f(c)).

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12. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties and to maintain its ability to continue as a going concern. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business.

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage, and as such, the Company has historically relied on the equity markets to fund its activities. In addition, the Company is dependent upon external financings to fund activities. In order to carry out planned exploration and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional funds as needed. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements and the Company's overall strategy with respect to capital risk management and remained unchanged during the three months ended May 31, 2019 and the year ended February 28, 2019.

13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to May 31, 2019:

- i. the Company received US \$25,000 from Merced pursuant to the terms of the Ocros Agreement (Note 7(b)(vi));
- ii. the Company received US \$75,000 from Chakana as further described in Note 7(f);
- iii. 650,000 incentive stock options with an exercise price of \$0.12 expired unexercised; and
- iv. 2,300,000 share purchase warrants with an exercise price of \$0.10 expired unexercised.